



38th ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

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COMPANY INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mrs. Mariam Shaban Ali Chairperson
Mr. Irshad Ali S. Kassim Vice. Chairman
Mr. Munawar Ali S. Kassim Chief Executive

Mr. Shahid Ahmed Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Shahnawaz Madhani Director Miss Natalia Kassim Director Miss. Anushka Kassim Director

Mr. Amir Sawja Chief Financial officer Mr. Manzoor Ali Natha Company Secretary

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Shahid Ahmed Chairman Miss Anushka Kassim Member Miss. Natalia Kassim Member

HUMAN RESOURCES & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Shahnawaz Madhani Chariman Mr. Munawar Ali S. Kassim Member Miss. Natalia Kassim Member

BANKERS

Soneri Bank Limited Habib Bank Limited JS Bank Limited MCB Bank Limited

Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited

AUDITORS / REGISTRAR AND SHARE TRANSFER OFFICE

Qavi & Co Chartered Accountants T.H.K. Associates (Private) Limited 1st Floor, 40 C, Block -6 P.E.C.H.S Karachi-75400

NATIONAL TAX NUMBER : 0710857-5

SALES TAX REGISTERATION NO : 02-02-6907-001-55

REGISTERED OFFICE

Bc-6, Block -5, Scheme-5, Kehkashan, Clifton, Karachi

FACTORY

295/311, Deh Halkani, Hub Dam Road, Karachi

LAHORE

4-L, Gulburg 111 Ferozpur Road, Lahore. Tel # (92-42)-35864579



NOTICE OF MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 38th Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held at the registered office of the company on 26th October, 2017 at 5:00 p.m. to transact the following business:-

- 1. To confirm the minutes of the 37th Annual General Meeting held on 26th October, 2016.
- 2. To consider and adopt the audited account of the company for the year ended 30th June, 2017 along with the Report of the Directors thereon.
- 3. To appoint Auditors for the year 2018 and fix their remuneration.
- 4. To transact any other business with the permission of the Chair.

By order of the Board

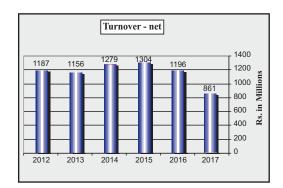
Karachi October 05, 2017

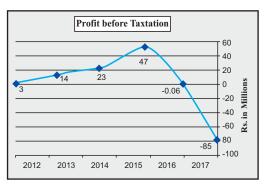
Manzoor Ali Natha Company Secretary

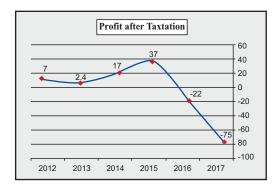
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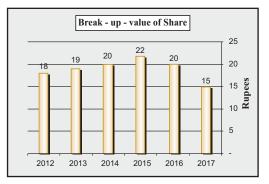
- 01. The share transfer book of the company will remain closed from 20th October 2017 to 26th October, 2017 (both days inclusive).
- 02. A member eligible to attend and vote at the meeting may appoint another member on his/her proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf. Proxies to be effective must be received by the company not less than 48 hours before the time of holding of the meeting.
- 03. The beneficial owners of shares recorded in Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDCPL) are required to bring their National Identity Cards and in case of institutions being the beneficial owner, notarially certified copy of power of attorney or other authority, together with the proof of identity of such nominee, is required for admittance to the meeting of the members.
- 04. Members are requested to communicate to the company or the Registrar to the company of any change in their address.

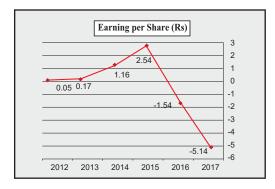




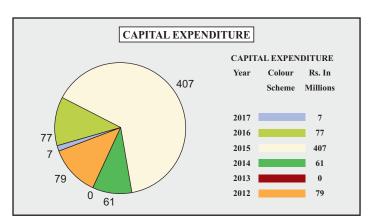














FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

(Rs. In millions)

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Sales	861	1196	1304	1279	1156	1187	1055	933	833	710
Gross Profit	22	58	134	93	111	107	129	114	130	139
Expenses (Net)	107	95	87	72	96	104	117	102	117	106
Profit before Taxtation	-85	-0.06	47	23	14	3	12	13	13	33
Profit after Taxtation	<i>-</i> 75	-22	37	17	2.4	7	5	12	21	8
Dividend %	-	-	12	10	-	-	10	-	-	12.5
Right Shares %	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Earning per Share (Rs.)	-5.14	-1.54	2.54	1.16	0.17	0.05	0.37	0.86	1.46	0.55



DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors of your company have pleasure in submitting the report along with audited accounts for the year ended 30th June 2017.

OPERATING PERFORMANCE

The Ceramics and tile industry in Pakistan continued to face multiple challenges in the year under review. Gross sales of your company for the year under review, was Rs. 860.670 million. The desired result could not be achieved due the inflow of cheaper imported tiles from China and smuggling of tiles in the country.

RETAINED EARNINGS

The company has incurred net loss before tax of Rs.84.58 million for the year 2017. During the year under review the company has incurred finance cost of Rs.58.02 million as against Rs.47.41 million during immediate preceding year, net loss after tax for the year was Rs. 74.82 million as compared with the after tax loss of Rs. 22.45 million for the preceding year. Un-appropriated Profit carried forward is Rs.72.36 million.

EARNING PER SHARE

Loss per share for the year ended 30th June, 2017 is Rs.5.14as compared to loss per share Rs.1.54 for the last year.

FUTURE OUTLOOK

The favorable economic outlook of the country has resulted into increase in living standard of the population and expansion of housing industry. This positive aspect would contribute to the increase in the demand of ceramics tiles. Further, Tiles association is working with National Tariff Commission for the determination and imposition of anti-dumping duty for a period of 5 years to safeguard the interest of local manufacturers.

However, selling price of the product will remain under pressure due to import of large quantity of ceramics tiles into the country at competitive rates. The company will make efforts to improve its market share by introducing new innovative designs, reducing product cost and economization of expenses.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY:

Your company is aware of its social responsibility and continues to contribute for health and education in Pakistan.

CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Directors of the company have reviewed the Code of Corporate Governance and are pleased to state that:

- The Company has comlied with the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance as required by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP).
- The financial statement, prepared by the management of your company present fairly its state of affairs, the results of its operation, cash flow and change in equity.
- Proper books of accounts of the company have been maintained.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.



- The International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements.
- The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- There is no significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- A summary of key operating and financial data of the Company for the last six years is annexed in this report.
- There are no outstanding statutory payments due on account of taxes, levies and charges except those disclosed in these financial statements.
- There has been no material deviation from the best practice of Corporate Governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.

CHANGE IN BOARD OF DIRECTORS

There has been no change in the Board of Directors of the company during the year.

NUMBER OF BOARD MEETINGS HELD

During the year under review four meetings of the Board of Directors were held. Attendance is as follows: -

1.	Mr. Irshad Ali S. Kassim	4
2.	Mr. Munawar Ali S. Kassim	4
3.	Mr. Shahid Ahmed	3
4.	Ms Mariam S.G. Kassim	4
5.	Mr. Shahnawaz Madhani	4
6.	Ms. Anushka Kassim	3
7.	Ms. Natalia Kassim	2

(Leave of absence was granted to directors who could not attend the Board meetings.)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee held four (4) meetings during the year. Attendance by each members was as follows:

Members Name	Attendance		
Mr. Shahid Ahmed Ms. Natalia Kassim	4		
Ms. AnushkaKassim	3		

TRAINING PROGRAM OF DIRECTORS:

The Company arranged orientation course for its directors as and when needed to apprise them of their duties and responsibilities. Three directors are certified under the Directors Training Program, and three directors met the criteria of exemption under Code of Corporate Governance.



EMPLOYEES RELATION

The management would like to place on record its appreciation for the positive attitude of the labour union during the year under review and we look forward for its support in resolving all issues mutually with the active cooperation of the labor union.

AUDITORS

The present auditors M/s. Qavi & Co., Chartered Accountants have completed audit for the financial year ended 30th June, 2017 and shall retire on the conclusion of the 38th Annual General Meeting of the company. Being eligible for reappointment, they have offered themselves for re-appointment. Based on Audit Committee's proposal the Board of Directors recommend their reappointment for the year ending June 30, 2018. The external auditors have been given satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review Program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.

PATTERN OF SHARE HOLDING

Pattern of share holding as at June 30, 2017 is annexed.

APPROPRIATION

The Board of Directors has not recommended any dividend or bonus shares for the financial year ended June 30, 2017 due to loss for the year.

APPRECIATION

The Directors take this opportunity to thank all foreign and local suppliers of plant & machinery, raw material, government agencies, shareholders, and staff/employees etc. for their cooperation and contribution towards the progress of the Company. We would also like to thank banks, financial institutions and customers for the confidence reposed by them on the company.

MUNAWARALI S. KASSIM CHIEF EXECUTIVE

September 20, 2017



ڈائر کیٹرزر پورٹ:

آپ کی کمپتی کے ڈائر کیٹر زاختا می سال 30 جون 2017ء کی رپورٹ بشمول آ ڈٹ شدہ اکاؤنٹ بیش کرنے میں خوشی محسوں کررہے ہیں۔

کارکردگی کامعیار:

اس سال جائزہ کے تحت پاکستان میں سیرانکس اور ٹائل کی صنعت کو گئی چیلنجز کا سامنا کرنا پڑا۔اس سال کے جائزہ کے تحت کمپنی کی مجموعی فروخت میلن 860.670 ملین تھی۔چین سے درآ مدشدہ ستے ٹائل کی غیر قانونی درآ مد کی وجہ ہے آمدنی کے مطلوبہ نتائج حاصل نہیں کئے جاسکے۔

حاصل كرده آمدني:

کمپنی کوسال <u>201</u>7ء میں قبل ازئیکس مبلغ 84.58 ملین روپے کا خسارہ ہوا ہے۔ زیرنظر سال کے دوران کمپنی نے مالیاتی اخراجات کی مد میں پچھلے سال کے 47.41 ملین روپے تھا جس کا موازنہ گزشتہ سال کے بعد ازئیکس خسارہ 22.45 ملین روپے تھا جس کا موازنہ گزشتہ سال کے بعد ازئیکس خسارہ 22.45 ملین روپے تھا جس کا موازنہ گزشتہ سال کے بعد ازئیکس خسارہ 22.45 ملین روپے ہے۔ سے کیا جا سکتا ہے۔غیر مرتب کردہ منافع کا تناسب 72.36 ملین روپے ہے۔

في شيئر كے حساب سے آمدنی:

30 جون 2017ء وَتْم ہونے والے سال میں فی شیئر خسارہ 5.14 روپے ہے جس کامواز نہ گزشتہ سال کے خسارہ فی شیئر 1.54 روپے سے کیا جاسکتا ہے۔

ستنقبل برنظر:

ملک کی بہتر اقتصادی صورتحال سے رہائٹی معیاراور ہاؤسنگ انڈسٹری کی توسیع میں اضافہ ہوا ہے، پی ثبت پہلوسیرا مک ٹائلزی طلب میں اضافے کیلئے اپنا کرداراداکر بے گا۔ مزید ٹائلزایسوسی ایشن اپنٹی ڈمپنگ ڈیوٹی کے عزم اور ٹمل کیلئے مقامی مینوفیکچررز کے مقادات کی حفاظت کیلئے پانچ سالدمدت کیلئے بیشن نے ساتھ کام کررہی ہے۔

ملک میں مسابقتی شرعوں پر بڑی مقدار میں سیرا مک ٹائلز کی درآمد کی وجہ سے مصنوعات کی قیمت فروخت دباؤ میں رہیں گی ، کمپنی نئے جدید ڈیزائن متعارف کرواکر مصنوعات کی قیمت اوراقتصادی اخراجات کوکم کرنے کےعلاوہ کمپنی کے صص کوبہتر بنانے کی کوشش کرے گی۔

كار پوريك معاشرتى ذمه داريان:

آپ کی کمپنی اپنی معاشرتی ذمدداری سے پوری طرح آگاہ ہے اور پاکستان میں صحت اور تعلیم کیلیے مستقل طور پر تعاون کررہی ہے۔

كار بوريث نظم وضبط كا كوڙ:

کمپٹی کے ڈائر یکٹرزنے کارپوریٹ نظم وضبط کے کوڈ کا جائزہ لیاہے اور درج ذیل تحریر کرتے ہیں:

🖈 نظم وضبط کے حوالے سے کمپنی میں کارپوریٹ گورنٹس کو کممل طور پر نافذ کیا ہے جو کہ سیکیو رٹیز اینڈ ایجینج نمیشن آف پاکستان(SECP) کیلیضروری ہے۔

🖈 تھیٹی کی انتظامیہ کی جانب سے تیار کردہ مالیاتی گوشوار ہے کمپنی کے حالات ،اس کے آپریشنز کے نتائج ،کیش فلواورا یکوٹی میں تیدیلی کی شفاف ع کاسی کرتے



ہیں۔

کمیٹی کے کھاتے مناسب طریقہ سے رکھے جارہے ہیں۔

🖈 مناسبا کا وُنٹنگ یالیسیوں کے شلسل کو مالیاتی گوشوار ہے کی تیاری میں لا گوکیا گیا ہے۔ا کا وُنٹنگ کے اندازے ماہرا نہ اورمختاط فیصلوں پرمٹنی ہوتے ہیں۔

🖈 مالیاتی گوشوار کے تیاری میں بین الاقوامی مالیاتی رپورٹنگ معیارات، جو کہ یا کستان میں نافذ انعمل ہیں،ان کی بیروی کی گئی ہے۔

انٹرنل کنٹرول کے نظام مضبوط ہیں اوراس کی موثر طریقے سے عملدر آمداورنگرانی کی جاتی ہے۔

کے انے والے سالوں میں کمپنی کے کاروباری شلسل برکوئی قابل ذکر شکوک وشیہات نہیں ہیں۔

🖈 گزشتہ جیسالوں کے لئے کمپنی کے اہم آپریٹنگ اور مالیاتی تفصیلات کا خلاصہ اس رپورٹ میں شامل ہے۔

🖈 مسکسز، ڈیوٹیز اور دیگر جارجز کے اکاؤنٹ پر کوئی ادائیگی واجب الا دانہیں ہے جو کہ مالیاتی سال ہے متعلق ہے۔

کارپوریٹ نظم وضبط کی اعلی پر بیٹس کے سلسلے میں کوئی موادموجو ذمیس ہے جبیسا کہ قوانین کی فہرست میں دیا گیا ہے۔

بوردْ آف دْ ائر يكٹرز كى تېدىلى:

اس سال کے دوران کمپنی کے پورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹر زمیں کوئی تبدیلی نہیں کی گئی۔

بورة كى منعقده ميتنگز كى تعداد:

ز رِنظر سال کے دوران بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی چارمیٹنگز منعقد ہوئی تھیں جس میں شرکت کرنے والے ڈائر کیٹرز کی تقصیل درج ذیل ہے:

چنابا <i>رشا وللى ايس قاسم</i>	4
جناب منورعلى اليس قاسم	4
ڃڻا <i>ب شا ہداح</i> ھ	3
مس مريم اليس . في قاسم	4
چناب شا ہنواز مادھانی	4
مس انوشكا قاسم	3
مس نتالية قاسم	2
**	

(جوڈ ائر یکٹرزیورڈ کی میٹنگز میں شرکت نہیں کر سکے انہیں چھٹی دی گئ تھی)۔

آ ڈے کمیٹی:

اس سال کے دوران آ ڈے کمیٹی کی چارمیٹنگز منعقد ہوئیں شرکت کرنے والے ممبرز کی تفصیل درج ذیل ہے:

مميرز کا نام	شركت كى تعداد
جناب شام <i>داحد</i>	4
مس نتاليه قاسم	3
مس انوشكا قاسم	3



ڈائر یکٹرز کاتر بیتی پروگرام:

کمپنی نے اپنے ڈائر کیٹرز کیلئے تعارفی کورس کا اہتمام کیا ہے جس میں انہیں ان کے فرائض اور ذمہ داریوں سے آگاہ کرنے کی ضرورت ہوتی ہے۔ ڈائر کیٹرزتر بیتی پروگرام کے تحت تین ڈائر کیٹرزتصدیق شدہ میں اور تیوں ڈائر کیٹرز کوکوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس کے تحت اس پروگرام سے متثنی قرار دیا گیا ہے۔

ملاز مین سے تعلقات:

ز برنظر سال کے دوران انتظامیہ لیبر یونین کے مثبت رویے کے لئے ریکارڈ پرخراج تحسین درج کرے گی اور ہم امید کرتے ہیں کہ تمام معاملات مشتر کہ تعاون سے حل کئے جائیں گے جو کہ لیبر یونین کے موثر تعاون سے حاصل ہوگا۔

آ ڈیٹرز:

کمپنی کے موجودہ آڈیٹر زمسرز تو کی اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈ اکا ویٹنیٹس نے مالیاتی سال 30 جون <u>201</u>7ء کے لئے آڈٹ مکمل کرلیا ہے اور بیکمپنی کی 38 ویں سالانہ جزل میٹنگ میں ریٹائر ہوجائے گی۔ سال 30 جون <u>201</u>8ء کیلئے انہوں نے دوبارہ تقرری کی اہلیت پر کمپنی میں اپنی خدمات پیش کرنے کی سفارش کی ہے۔ ایکٹرٹل آڈیٹرز نے انسٹی ٹیوٹ آف چارٹرڈ اکا وَ ٹینٹ آف یا کستان کے کوالٹی کنٹرول جائزہ پروگرام کے تحت اطمینان بخش ریٹنگ بیش کی ہے۔

شيئر مولدٌنگ كاطريقة كار:

30 جون 2017ء كيلي شيئر مولد نگ كاطريقة كار نسلك بـ

مناسب عمل:

پورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزنے مالیاتی سال 30 جون <u>201</u>7ء میں خسارے کی وجہ سے کسی بھی ڈویڈیڈیا پونس ٹیئر کی سفار شنہیں کی ہے۔

اظهارتشكر:

ڈائر کیٹرزاس موقع پر پلانٹ ہشینری اور خام مال کی غیرملکی اورلوکل سپلائرز،سرکاری ایجنسی شیئر ہولڈرز اوراسٹاف/ ملاز مین کا کمپٹی کی کارکردگی میں تعاون کرنے پر بےصد مشکوروممنون میں اس کےعلاوہ ہم پینکس اور مالیاتی ادار دں اور صارفین کا بھی کمپنی پرکمل اعتماد کرنے بیشکر بیادا کرتے ہیں۔

بورڈ کی جانب سے

منورعلی ایس قاسم

كراچى مورخه: 20ستمبر 2017ء



Karam Ceramics Limited

Vision Statement

• To become leading Ceramic manufacturing Industry in Pakistan with complete unit of Tiles and Floor Tiles.

Mission Statement

• To produce unique designs, cost effective and durable product so as to compete with the imported tiles.

Corporate Goal

Increase market share in Pakistan and export to other countries

Overall Corporate Strategy

- Maintain quality management system i.e. ISO 9002
- Contain cost and improve quality by automation of production line and training to personnel

RANGE OF PRODUCTS

COLOURED & DECORATIVE / EFFECT GLAZED WALL TILES

-	20cm x 60cm	20cm x 20cm
-	20cm x 30cm	30cm x 60cm
-	30cm x 30cm	25cm x 33cm
_	40cm x 40cm	30cm x 46cm



STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

For the Year ended June 30, 2017

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance (CCG) contained in Regulation No. 5.19.24(b) of Rule Book of Pakistan Stock Exchanges Limited (PSX) for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of Corporate Governance.

The company has applied the principles contained in the CCG in the following manner:

1. The Company encourages representation of independent Non-Executive Directors and Directors representing minority interests on its Board of Directors. At present the Board includes:

Category	Name
Independent Directors	Mr.Shahid Ahmed
Executive Directors	Mr. Irshad Ali S. Kassim
	Mr. Munawar Ali S. Kassim
Non - Executive Directors	Ms. Mariam Shaban Ali
	Ms. Anushka Kassim
	Ms. Natalia Kassim
	Mr. Shahnawaz Madhani

The Independent Director meets the criteria of independence under clause 5.19.1. (b) of PSX Rule Book.

- 2. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this company.
- 3. All the resident Directors of the Company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFI or, being a Member of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.
- 4. No casual vacancy occurred on the Board during the year.
- 5. The Company has prepared a "Code of Conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 6. The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.



- 7. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the chief executive officer, other executive directors and non-executive directors, have been taken by the Board / shareholders.
- 8 The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a Director elected by the Board for this purpose and the Board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the Board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before to the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.
- 9. The Company arranged orientation course for its directors as and when needed to apprise them of their duties and responsibilities. Three directors are certified under the Directors Training Program, and three directors met the criteria of exemption under Code of Corporate Governance.
- 10 No new appointment of CFO/Company Secretary has been made during the year.
- 11. The Directors' Report for the year ended June 30, 2017, has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the CCG and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- 12. The financial statements of the Company were duly endorsed by Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer before approval of the Board.
- 13. The directors, Chief Executive Officer and executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the Company other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.
- 14. The company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the CCG.
- 15. The Board has formed an Audit Committee. It comprises three members, of whom two are non-executive directors and the Chairman is an independent director.
- 16. The meetings of the Audit Committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the Company and as required by the CCG. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee have been formed and advised to the Committee for compliance.
- 17. The board has formed a Human Resources and Remuneration Committee. It comprises of three members, all of whom are non-executive directors including the chairman of the committee.
- 18. The Board has set-up an effective internal audit function who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purposes and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company.



- 19. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants ("IFAC") guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.
- 20. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Listing Regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 21. The 'closed period', prior to the announcement of interim / final results, and business decisions, which may materially affect the market price of Company's securities, was determined and intimated to directors, employees and the Pakistan Stock Exchange.
- 22. Material / price sensitive information has been disseminated among all market participants at once through Pakistan Stock Exchange.
- 23. The Company has complied with the requirements relating to maintenance of register of persons having access to inside information by designated senior management officer in a timely manner and maintained proper record including basis for inclusion or exclusion of names of persons from the said list.
- 23. We confirm that all other material enshrined in the Code of Corporate Governance have been complied with.

By order of the Board

Munawar Kasim

Chief Executive Officer

Karachi: 20th September 2017



Review Report to the Members on Statement of Compliance with the Best Practice of the Code of Corporate Governance

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance ("the Code") prepared by the Board of Directors of **KARAM CERAMICS LIMITED** ("the Company") for the year ended 30 June 2017 to comply with the requirements of Rule Book of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited Chapter 5, Clause 5.19.23 (b) of the Code of Corporate Governance, where the Company is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Code. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors'statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Code requires the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval of its related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price and recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism.

We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were under taken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code as applicable to the Company for the year ended 30 June 2017.

Qavi & Co Chartered Accountants

Date: September 20, 2017

Karachi Audit Engagement Partner : Ghulam Abbas



AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of **KARAM CERAMICS LIMITED** ("the Company") as at June 30,2017 and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit .

It is the responsibility of the Company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit .

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosure in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:

- a) In our opinion, proper books of accounts have been kept by the Company as required by the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- b) In our opinion:
 - i) the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied;
 - The expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Company's business; and
 - iii) The business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Company;
- c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet and profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company 's affairs as at June 30,2017 and of the loss, its comprehensive loss, cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- d) In our opinion, no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII OF 1980),

Date: September 20, 2017

Karachi

Chartered Accountants Audit Engagement Partner: Ghulam Abbas



BALANCE SHEET AS AT JUNE 30, 2017

ASSETS	Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	4	883,371,605	951,487,537
Capital work in progress	5	-	16,669,771
Long term deposits	6	897,038	897,038
		884,268,643	969,054,346
Current assets			
Stores and spares	7	11,475,790	14,862,579
Stock in trade	8	274,884,940	215,004,440
Trade debts	9	140,349,053	260,681,390
Loans and advances	10	931,099	1,504,889
Taxation - net	11	12,943,225	22,974,074
Refunds due from the government	12	50,519,628	33,243,114
Short term prepayments	13	31,229,420	22,639,930
Cash and bank balances	14	3,227,590	8,659,641
		525,560,745	579,570,057
TOTAL ASSETS		1,409,829,388	1,548,624,403



BALANCE SHEET AS AT JUNE 30, 2017

	Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital	15	145,486,760	145,486,760
Unappropriated profit		72,359,789	146,799,537
		217,846,549	292,286,297
Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets	16	70,366,769	72,435,224
LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities			
Long term financing	17	477,380,464	523,551,889
Post employment benefits	18	89,891,817	81,008,740
Deferred taxation	19	89,349,416	99,455,117
Current liabilities		656,621,697	704,015,746
Trade and other payables	20	141,362,730	133,620,747
Markup accrued on loans	_0	19,567,870	16,401,112
Short term borrowings - from banks	21	209,903,877	217,263,809
Long term financing	17	94,159,896	112,601,468
		464,994,373	479,887,136
Total liabilities		1,121,616,070	1,183,902,882
Contingencies and Commitments	22	-	-
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILIITIES		1,409,829,388	1,548,624,403

The annexed notes 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Chief Financial Officer



PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Note	2017	2016
		Rup	pees
Revenue Cost of sales Gross profit	23 24	860,670,027 (838,541,136) 22,128,891	1,196,043,437 (1,137,369,905) 58,673,532
Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses Other operating charges	25 26 27	23,402,095 23,336,634 2,600,133 (49,338,862)	26,308,642 20,138,747 1,229,600 (47,676,989)
Operating (loss) / profit		(27,209,971)	10,996,543
Other income Finance Cost	28 29	653,326 (58,020,259) (57,366,933)	36,343,948 (47,405,198) (11,061,250)
Loss before taxation		(84,576,904)	(64,707)
Taxation	30	9,755,116	(22,382,567)
Loss after taxation		(74,821,788)	(22,447,274)
Earnings per share - Basic and diluted	31	(5.14)	(1.54)

The annexed notes 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer



STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the Year ended June 30, 2017

	2017 Rupe	2016 ees
Loss after taxation	(74,821,788)	(22,447,274)
Other comprehensive income		
Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or loss		
Transfer from surplus on revaluation of fixed assets on account of incremental depreciation - net of deferred tax	2,419,040	2,648,868
Actuarial (loss) / gain on remeasurement of retirement benefit obligation	(2,037,000)	5,723,068
Total other comprehensive income, net of deferred tax	382,040	8,371,936
Total comprehensive loss for the year	(74,439,748)	(14,075,338)

The annexed notes 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer



CASH FLOW STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017	THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 2017	
	Rupe	ees
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Loss before taxation	(84,576,904)	(64,707)
Adjustments for non cash charges and other items Depreciation Provision for gratuity Finance cost Imputed interest on directors' interest free loan Gain on disposal of fixed assets Adjust for insurance refund	91,824,085 9,610,452 58,020,259 - (653,326) - 158,801,470	79,353,111 12,535,262 47,405,198 (26,550,191) (218,769) (9,546,303) 102,978,308
Cash flow from operating activities before working capital changes	74,224,566	102,913,601
Effect on cash flow due to working capital changes		
Decrease / (Increase) in stores and spares Increase in stock in trade Decrease / (Increase) in trade debts Decrease in loans and advances Increase in short term prepayments & balances with statutory authorities (Decrease) / Increase in short term running finance	3,386,789 (59,880,500) 120,332,337 573,790 (8,589,490) (7,359,932)	(3,664,130) (124,454,379) (133,317,426) 10,046,386 (7,288,637) 160,088,485
Increase / (Decrease) in trade and other payables	7,741,983	(39,987,225) (138,576,926)
Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities	<u>56,204,977</u> 130,429,543	(35,663,325)
Finance cost paid Income tax paid Sales tax refundable Gratuity paid Workers' profit participation fund paid	(47,116,513) (12,747,811) 5,502,146 (2,764,375) - (57,126,553)	(40,289,414) (22,974,075) 241,141 (4,286,413) (2,525,536) (69,834,297)
Net cash used in operating activities	73,302,990	(105,497,622)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Addition to property, plant and equipment Asset transferred from capital work in progress Sale proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	(23,754,827) 16,669,771 700,000 (6,385,056)	(76,646,775) - 20,180,000 (56,466,775)
Net Cash used in investing Activities	(6,385,056)	(56,466,775)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Directors loan received Long term loan received Long term loan paid Bills payable against long term loan Dividend paid Long term deposits and prepayments Net cash generated from financing activities	35,922,000 - (108,271,985) - - - (72,349,985)	191,448,603 293,928,216 (77,411,316) (253,317,960) (28,327,928) - 126,319,615
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	(5,432,051) 8,659,641 3,227,590	(35,644,782) 44,304,423 8,659,641

The annexed notes 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Share Capital	Unappropriated Profit	l Total
		····· (Rupees)····	
Balance as at July 01, 2015	145,486,760	178,398,418	323,885,178
Dividend paid during the year	-	(17,458,411)	(17,458,411)
Prior year Income tax adjustment	-	(65,132)	(65,132)
Total comprehensive loss for the year ended June 30, 2016	-	(14,075,338)	(14,075,338)
Balance as at June 30, 2016	145,486,760	146,799,537	292,286,297
Total comprehensive loss for the year ended June 30, 2017	-	(74,439,748)	(74,439,748)
Balance as at June 30, 2017	145,486,760	72,359,789	217,846,549

The annexed notes 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer



NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

1. STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Karam Ceramics Limited was incorporated in Pakistan on April 8, 1979 as a public limited company under the repealed Companies Act, 1913 (now Companies Act, 2017). The shares of the company are quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The registered office of the Company is situated at BC-6, Block-5, Kehkashan, Clifton, Karachi, Pakistan and principal office is situated at 295/311, Deh Halkani, Hub Dam Road, Manghopir, Karachi. The principal activity of the company is manufacturing of tiles.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of Compliance

During the year, the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act) has been promulgated, however, Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide its circular No. 17 of 2017 dated July 20, 2017 communicated its decision that the companies whose financial year closes on or before June 30, 2017 shall prepare their financial statements in accordance with the provisions of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984. Accordingly, the Company's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017 have been prepared considering the requirements of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 and approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), as are notified under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

2.2 Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except that the non-current assets are stated at the cost / revalued amounts.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency and rounded to the nearest rupee.

2.4 Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.



The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates underlying the assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

2.5 Changes in accounting standards, interpretations and pronouncements

(a) Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are effective in the current year and are relevant

IAS 7, 'Cashflow statements' - This amendment requires disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flow and non-cash changes. The amendments only effects disclosures in the Company's financial statements.

IAS 16 & 38, 'Property, plant and equipment' & 'Intangible assets' - The amendments introduces severe restrictions on the use of revenue - based amortization for intangible assets and explicitly state that revenue - based methods of depreciation cannot be used for property, plant and equipment. The rebuttable presumption that use of revenue - based amortization methods for intangible assets is inappropriate can be overcome only when revenue and the consumption of the economic benefits of the intangible assets are highly correlated. Or when the intangible asset is expressed as a measure of revenue.

IAS 1, 'Presentation of Financial Statements' - Amendments to this standard are made in the context of the IASBs disclosure initiative, which explores how financial statements disclosures can be improved. The amendments provide clarifications on a number of issues, including:

Materiality: an entity should not aggregate or disaggregate information in a manner that obscures useful information. Where items are material, sufficient information must be provided to explain the impact on the financial position or performance.

IAS 19, 'Employee Benefits' - this amendment is a part of Annual improvements 2014 clarifies that when determining the discount rate for post - employment benefit obligations, it is the currency that the liabilities are dominated in that is important, not the country where they arise. The Company's policy is already in line with this amendment.

IAS 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting' - amendments to this standard clarifies what is meant by the reference in the standard to information disclosed elsewhere in the interim financial report; entities taking advantage of the relief must provide a cross - reference from the interim financial statements to the location of that information and make the information available to users on the same terms and at the same time as the interim financial statements. The amendments only effects disclosures in the Company's financial statements.



(b) Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are effective in the current year but are not relevant

Except as stated in (a), new standards, amendments and interpretations that are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017 are considered not to be relevant for the Company's financial statements and hence have not been detailed here.

(c) Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

IAS 12, 'Income Tax' - this amendment clarifies deferred tax treatment for debt instrument and also addresses questions regarding determination of future taxable profit for the recognition test of deferred tax. The amendments are not likely to have material impact on the Company's financial statements.

IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments' - IASB has published the complete version of IFRS 9, Financial instruments; which replaces the guidance in IAS 39. This final version includes requirements on the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities; it also includes an expected credit losses model that replaces the incurred loss impairment model used today. This IFRS is under consideration of the relevant committee of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan. This standard is not likely to have material impact on the Company's financial statements.

IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers' - the IASB has issued a new standard for the recognition of revenue. This will replace IAS 18 which covers contracts for goods and services and IAS 11 which covers construction contracts. The new standard is based on the principle that revenue is recognized when control of a good or service transfers to a customer so the notion of control replaces the existing notion of risk and rewards. The standard permits a modified retrospective approach for the adoption. Under this approach, entities will recognize transitional adjustments in retained earnings on the date of initial application i.e. without restating the comparative period. They will only need to apply the new rules to contracts that are not completed as of the date of initial application. This IFRS is under consideration of the relevant committee of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan. The Company has yet to assess the full impact of this standard on its financial statements.

IFRS 16, 'Leases' - this standard will affect primarily the accounting by lessees and will result in the recognition of almost all leases on balance sheet. The standard removes the current distinction between operating and financing leases and requires recognition of an asset (the right to use the leased item) and a financial liability to pay rentals for virtually all lease contracts. An optional exemption exists for short - term and low - value leases. The accounting by lessors will not significantly change. Some differences may arise as a result of the new guidance on the definition of a lease. Under IFRS 16, a contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. This IFRS is under consideration of the relevant committee of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan. The standard is not likely to have material impact on the Company's financial statements.



IFRIC 22,' Foreign currency transactions and advance consideration' addresses foreign currency transactions or parts of transactions where there is consideration that is denominated or priced in a foreign currency. The interpretation provides guidance for when a single payment/receipt is made as well as for situations where multiple payments/receipts are made. The guidance aims to reduce diversity in practice.

Except as stated above, new standards, amendments and interpretations that are not yet effective are considered not to be relevant for the Company's financial statements and hence have not been detailed here.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

3.1 Retirement Benefit Obligation

Defined Benefit Plan - Gratuity

Defined benefit plans define an amount of pension or gratuity that an employee will receive on or after retirement, usually dependent on one or more factors such as age, years of service and compensation.

A defined benefit plan is a plan that is not a defined contribution plan. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuary using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds or the market rates on government bond. These are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension obligation.

The company operates an Unfunded Gratuity Scheme for all its permanent employees who attain the minimum qualification period for entitlement to gratuity. The provision is made on the basis of actuarial valuation to cover the obligation under the scheme for all employees eligible to gratuity benefits. The latest actuarial valuation for gratuity scheme was carried out as on June 30, 2017.

3.2 Borrowings

Mark-up bearing borrowings are recognized initially at cost, less attributable transaction cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, mark-up bearing borrowings are stated at amortized cost with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognized in the income statement over the period of the borrowings on an effective interest basis.



3.3 Trade and Other Payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are recognized and carried at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the company.

3.4 Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment, except freehold land and capital work-in-progress are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Freehold land and capital work-in-progress are stated at cost.

The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the company and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation is charged to income on reducing balance method over its estimated useful life at the rates specified in property, plant and equipment note except for equipment and other assets. Equipment and other assets are depreciated over the period of three years. Depreciation on additions to property, plant and equipment is charged from the month in which an item is acquired or capitalized while no depreciation is charged for the month in which the item is disposed off.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted if impact on depreciation is material.

The gain or loss on disposal of an asset represented by the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized as an income or expense.

Where the carrying amount of asset exceeds its estimated recoverable amount it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount.

3.5 Capital Work-in-progress

Capital work in progress and stores held for capital expenditure are stated at cost and represents expenditure incurred on property, plant and equipment during construction and installation. Cost includes borrowing cost as referred in accounting policy of borrowing cost. Transfers are made to relevant property, plant and equipment category as and when assets are available for use.

3.6 Stores, spares and loose tools

Stores and spares are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on a weighted average basis. Items in transit are valued at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon.



3.7 Stock-in-Trade

Stock-in-trade is stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value except waste which is valued at net realizable value. Cost is determined as follows.

Raw material At weighted average cost or replacement cost whichever

is lower

Work in process At average manufacturing cost

Finished goods At average manufacturing cost or net realisable value

whichever is lower

Valuation of raw material, work in process and finished goods as on June 30, 2017 have been valued at lower of cost and net realizable value as per the requirement of IAS 2.

Raw material in transit is stated at invoice price plus other charges paid thereon upto the balance sheet date.

Average manufacturing cost in relation to work in process and finished goods, consist of direct material and proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal capacity.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less costs of completion and selling expenses.

3.8 Trade debts

Trade debts are recognized and carried at original invoiced amount which is fair value of the consideration to be received in future. An estimated provision for doubtful debt is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Debts considered irrecoverable are written off.

3.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost. For the purpose of cash flow statement cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and cheques in hand and balances with banks.

3.10 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Pak rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing on the date of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated into Pak rupees at the rate of exchange prevailing at the Balance Sheet date.

Exchange differences arising on translation are recognized in profit and loss account currently.



3.11 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in the profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in comprehensive income, in which case it is recognized in comprehensive income.

(i) Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income for the year determined in accordance with the prevailing law for taxation on income. The change for current tax also includes prior year adjustments, where considered necessary, arising due to assessments finalized during the year.

(ii) Deferred

Deferred tax is recognized using balance sheet liability method, providing for temporary difference between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using the tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

The Company recognizes a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits for the foreseeable future will be available against which the assets can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized. Further, the Company also recognizes deferred tax asset / liability on deficit / surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment which is adjusted against the related deficit / surplus.

3.12 Financial instruments

All financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets and liabilities are initially made at fair value, and subsequently made at fair value are amortized cost as the case may be. All financial assets and liabilities are derecognized at the time when they are extinguished that is, when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expired. Any gain or loss on derecognition of the financial assets and financial liabilities is included in profit and loss account.

3.13 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the financial statements only when the Company has a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and the Company intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.



3.14 Provisions

A provision is recognized in the balance sheet when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect current best estimates.

3.15 Impairment

All company's assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. If any such indication exists, the assets' recoverable amount is estimated. Impairment losses are recognized in the profit and loss account currently.

3.16 Transactions with related parties

Transactions with related parties are priced at comparable uncontrolled market price. All transactions involving related parties arising in the normal course business are conducted at arm's length using valuation modes, as admissible. Parties are said to be related when they meet the definition as provided in the Companies Ordinance, 1984.

3.17 Dividend and appropriation in / from reserves

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders and appropriation to / from reserves is recognized in the period in which these are approved.

3.18 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises of the fair value of the consideration received or receivable from the sale of goods in the ordinary course of the Company's activities. Revenue from sale of goods is shown net of sales tax.

Revenue is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transactions will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. The revenue arising from different activities of the Company is recognized on the following basis:

- (a) Sales are recorded on dispatch of goods to customers.
- (b) Profit on bank deposits is recognized on an accrual basis.



4. Property, Plant and Equipments

	Freehold Land	Building on freehold land	Plant and machinery	Vehicles	Furniture and fittings	Moulds	Laboratory equipment	
Net carrying value basis Year ended June 30 ,2017 Opening NBV	52,560,000	131,392,172	756,448,945	8,039,054	2,043,178	951,443	52,745	951,487,537
Additions (at cost) Depreciation charge Disposal	- - -	3,980,190 (13,271,890)	16,755,696 (75,792,402)	900,000 (1,735,032) (46,674)	(204,318)	2,118,941 (815,168)	(5,275)	23,754,827 (91,824,085) (46,674)
Closing NBV	52,560,000	122,100,472	697,412,239	7,157,348	1,838,860	2,255,216	47,470	883,371,605
Gross carrying value basis At June 30, 2017								
Cost Accumulated depreciation	52,560,000 -	364,772,235 (242,671,763)	1,773,172,381 (1,075,760,142)	29,983,827 (22,826,479)	12,812,151 (10,973,291)	8,356,171 (6,100,955)	, ,	2,243,169,344 (1,359,797,739)
NBV	52,560,000	122,100,472	697,412,239	7,157,348	1,838,860	2,255,216	47,470	883,371,605
Net carrying value basis Year ended June 30 ,2016								
Opening NBV	52,560,000	122,304,459	514,669,723	8,119,190	2,270,198	1,359,202	58,605	701,341,377
Additions (at cost) Depreciation charge	-	23,686,844 (14,599,131)	314,323,355 (62,140,436)	1,904,000 (1,972,905)	(227,020)	(407,759)	(5.860)	339,914,199 (79,353,111)
Disposal	-	(14,077,101)	(10,403,697)	(11,231)	(227,020)	(107,737)	(3,000)	(10,414,928)
Closing NBV	52,560,000	131,392,172	756,448,945	8,039,054	2,043,178	951,443	52,745	951,487,537
Gross carrying value basis At June 30, 2016								
Cost Accumulated depreciation	52,560,000	360,792,045 (229,399,873)	1,756,416,685 (999,967,740)	29,932,827 (21,893,773)	12,812,151 (10,768,973)	6,237,230 (5,285,787)	, ,	2,220,263,517 (1,268,775,980)
NBV	52,560,000	131,392,172	756,448,945	8,039,054	2,043,178	951,443	52,745	951,487,537
Rate of Depreciation	-	10%	10%	20%	10%	30%	10%	

4.1 The depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:

2017 2016 ----- Rupees -----

Cost of sales Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses

90,697,573	78,378,119
542,844	469,829
583,668	505,162
91,824,085	79,353,110

4.2 The details of operating assets sold are as follows:

Description	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Book value	Sale proceeds	Mode of disposal	Particulars of purchaser
Rupees						
Vehicle	849,000	802,326	46,674	700,000	Exchange	AM Motors
2017	849,000	802,326	46,674	700,000		
2016	27,006,392	16,591,464	10,414,928	20,180,000		



4.3 Had there been no revaluation, the net book value of Freehold land and Building on freehold land would have been Rs. 3,964,588 (2016: Rs. 3,964,588) and Rs.90,547,780 (2016: 96,333,626) respectively.

2017	2016
Rup	bees

5. CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS

This comprises of:

	Plant	and machinery	-	16,669,771
	5.1	Movement of carrying amount		
		Year ended June 30, 2017 Opening balance Additions (at cost) Transfer to fixed assets Closing balance	16,669,771 - (16,669,771) —	279,937,195 5,980,688 (269,248,112) 16,669,771
6.	LONG	G TERM DEPOSITS		
	Other	s - note 6.1	897,038	897,038

6.1 This includes deposits placed with utility companies including K-Electric, Pakistan Telecommunication Company Limited and Sui Southern Gas Company.

		2017	2016
		Rupees	
7.	STORES AND SPARES		
	Spares	10,838,311	14,135,658
	Stores	637,479	726,921
		11,475,790	14,862,579
8.	STOCK IN TRADE		
	Raw material	147,855,718	111,952,645
	Packing materials	8,685,348	4,002,059
	Work-in-process	7,911,071	8,378,098
	Finished goods	110,432,803	90,671,638
		274,884,940	215,004,440
9.	TRADE DEBTS		
	Considered good - unsecured	140,349,053	260,681,390



9.1 As of June 30, aging analysis of trade debts is as follows:

		2017	2016
		Ruj	pees
	Not yet due Past due 1 - 30 days Past due 30 - 90 days Over 90 days	39,586,161 6,082,200 38,215,369 56,465,323 140,349,053	103,576,868 22,595,548 46,928,915 87,580,059
10. LOAN	NS AND ADVANCES - considered good		
Loans	to employees	86,000	183,500
Emplo Other	nces to: oyees - note 10.1 s of land - note 10.2	150,099 295,000 400,000 845,099	201,467 719,922 400,000 1,321,389
		931,099	1,504,889

- 10.1 The advances to employees are given to meet business expenses and are settled as and when the expenses are incurred.
- 10.2 This represents advance given for purchase of land, however, the seller has filed a suit in the Civil Court of Lahore for cancellation of the agreement and the matter is pending adjudication.

11. TAXATION - NET

12.

The income tax assessments of the Company have been finalised by the tax authorities upto tax year 2016 (accounting year ended June 30, 2016). Adequate provisions have been made in these financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017 (Tax year 2017).

	2017	2016
	Rup	ees
REFUNDS DUE FROM THE GOVERNMENT		

	Sales tax receivable Income tax refundable	369,991 50,149,637 50,519,628	5,872,137 27,370,977 33,243,114
13.	SHORT TERM PREPAYMENTS		
	Prepayments - note 13.1 Letters of credit Other receivables - note 13.2	10,913,680 7,366,029 12,949,711 31,229,420	9,484,365 323,123 12,832,442 22,639,930



- 13.1 This includes Ramzan bonus paid to the employees in accordance with Company policy amounting to Rs. 10,017,379 (2016: Rs. 9,303,176).
- 13.2 This includes insurance claim due from PICIC Insurance Limited amounting to Rs. 12,500,000 (2016: 12,500,000) on account of damage to generator at factory premises. The claim originally registered by the Company amounted to Rs. 19,500,000 out of which Rs. 7,500,000 was received in the financial year ended June 30, 2016. This remains unconfirmed on June 30, 2017.

2017		2016
	Rupees	

14. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

Cash in hand Cash at banks	947,681	373,433
- Current accounts - Deposit accounts	1,489,183 790,726	7,506,629 779,579
•	2,279,909	8,286,208
	3,227,590	8,659,641

15. SHARE CAPITAL

2017	2016	2017	2016
(Number of shares)		Rupees	

Authorised Share Capital

15,000,000	15,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each	150,000,000	150,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid up Share Capital				
13,267,786	13,267,786	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid in cash	132,677,860	132,677,860
1,280,890	1,280,890	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each issued as bonus shares	12,808,900	12,808,900
14,548,676	14,548,676	=	145,486,760	145,486,760

16. SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF FIXED ASSETS

Surplus on revaluation of land Surplus on revaluation of building Incremental depreciation on revalued assets	48,595,412 35,058,547 (3,505,855) 80,148,104	48,595,412 38,953,941 (3,895,394) 83,653,959
Deferred tax liability as on July 01, 2016 Tax effect due to change in tax rate proportion Related deferred tax on incremental depreciation	11,218,735 (350,585) (1,086,815) (9,781,335) 70,366,769	12,854,800 (389,539) (1,246,526) (11,218,735) 72,435,224



- 16.1 Land and building were first revalued in the year 2005 by M/s. Iqbal A. Nanjee & Co which resulted in creation of revaluation surplus by Rs. 11,365,412 and Rs. 93,218,591 respectively.
- 16.2 On June 04, 2013, Land and Building were revalued by M/s MYK Associates which increased the revaluation surplus by Rs. 37,230,000 and Rs. 13,307,214 respectively.

2017 2016 ----- Rupees -----

17. LONG TERM FINANCING

Secured

From banking companies - note 17.1

Less: Current maturity shown under current liabilities

(94,159,
188,823

From directors - note 17.2

282,982

(94,159,
288,557

17.1 Loan from banking companies

Soneri Bank Limited - note 17.1.1 JS Bank Limited - note 17.1.2 Habib Bank Limited - note 17.1.3

282,982,960	391,254,945
(94,159,896)	(112,601,468)
188,823,064	278,653,477
288,557,400	244,898,412
477,380,464	523,551,889
138,395,649	206,254,593
117,296,266	150,809,486
27,291,045	34,190,866
282,982,960	391,254,945

17.1.1 Terms and conditions of borrowings from Soneri Bank Limited are as follows:

Facility name	Term Finance - 1	Term Finance - 2	Term Finance - 3
Loan outstanding	Rs. 15.000 million	Rs. 14.700 million	Rs. 108.695 million
Nature of facility	Term Finance	Term Finance	Term Finance
Sanctioned limit	150.000 million	42.000 million	151.204 million
Markup rate	6MK + 1.5% p.a.	6MK + 1.5% p.a.	6MK + 1.75% p.a.
Total installments	60 monthly	60 monthly	65 monthly
No. of installments outstanding	6 monthly	20 monthly	45 monthly
Date of final repayment	Dec 31, 2017	Feb 19, 2019	Mar 31, 2021

Purpose:

- For import of Plant and Machinery
- For local purchase of Plant and Machinery

Security/Collateral:

- First equitable mortgage charge of Rs. 600 million on factory property situated at Hub Dam road, Karachi.
- Specific charge on imported machinery for Rs. 42 million.
- Specific charge on land, building, plant and machinery of Rs. 200 million.
- Personal guarantees provided by the directors of The Company.



17.1.2 Terms and conditions of borrowing from JS Bank Limited are as follows:

Facility name Term Finance - 1 Rs. 117.296 million Loan outstanding Nature of facility Term Finance Sanctioned limit 175.917 million 6MK + 1.75% p.a. Markup rate Total installments 54 monthly 34 monthly No. of installments outstanding May 10, 2020 Date of final repayment

Purpose:

- For import of Plant and Machinery

Security/Collateral:

- First Pari Passu charge over fixed assets amounting to Rs. 267 million inclusive of 25% margin.
- Personal guarantees provided by the directors of The Company.
- Subordination of Directors' loan amounting to Rs. 50 million.
- **17.1.3** Terms and conditions of borrowings from Habib Bank Limited are as follows:

Facility name	Term Finance - 1	Term Finance - 2
Loan outstanding	Rs. 17.080 million	Rs. 10.211 million
Nature of facility	Term Finance	Term Finance
Sanctioned limit	23.058 million	11.987 million
Markup rate	3MK + 1.5% p.a.	3MK + 1.5% p.a.
Total installments	54 monthly	54 monthly
No. of installments outstanding	40 monthly	46 monthly
Date of final repayment	Oct 01, 2020	May 01, 2021

Purpose:

- For import of Plant and Machinery

Security/Collateral:

- Mortgage charge over plant and machinery amounting to Rs. 35 million.
- Personal guarantees provided by the directors of The Company.
- 17.2 This represents outstanding amounts pertaining to interest bearing @ 5% & interest free loan obtained from directors amounting to Rs. 151.87 million (2016: Rs. 115.95 million) and Rs. 136.69 million (2016: Rs. 128.95 million) respectively. These loans are repayable from September, 2019.

18. POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

18.1 The latest actuarial valuation of the Gratuity scheme at June 30, 2017 was carried out using the Projected Unit Credit Method details of which are as follows:



2017		2016
	Rupees	

18.2 Movement in obligation

	Opening balance Charge for the year Remeasurement Benefits paid Closing balance	81,008,740 9,610,452 2,037,000 (2,764,375) 89,891,817	78,482,958 12,535,263 (5,723,068) (4,286,413) 81,008,740
18.3	Movement in the present value of defined benefit obligation		
	Opening balance Service cost Interest cost Remeasurement Benefits paid Closing balance	81,008,740 3,886,796 5,723,656 2,037,000 (2,764,375) 89,891,817	78,482,958 5,142,618 7,392,645 (5,723,068) (4,286,413) 81,008,740
18.4	Expense recognised in profit and loss account		
	Service cost Interest cost	3,886,796 5,723,656 9,610,452	5,142,618 7,392,645 12,535,263
18.5	Expense / (Income) recognised in profit and loss account		
	Remeasurements of post-employment benefits	2,037,000	(5,723,068)
18.6	Key actuarial assumptions used are as follows:		
	Discount factor used Expected rate of increase in salaries Retirement age (years)	7.75% 6.75% 60	7.25% 6.25% 60

18.7 Sensitivity analysis for actuarial assumptions

The sensitivity of the defined benefit $\,$ obligation to changes $\,$ in the weighted principal assumptions is:

Impact on defined benefit obligation

		O	
	Change in assumption	Increase in assumption Rupees	Decrease in assumption Rupees
Discount rate at June 30	1%	6,885,422	7,068,489
Future salary increases	1%	7,068,489	7,002,289



The above sensitivity analysis are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the gratuity liability recognised within the balance sheet.

18.8 As per actuarial advice, the expected charge for the next year is Rs. 10,819,988.

19.	DEFERRED TAXATION	2017 Rup	2016 sees
	Credit balance arising in respect of: - accelerated tax depreciation allowance	117,215,879	125,377,914
	Debit balance arising in respect of: - provision for post employment benefit obligations	(27,866,463)	(25,922,797)
		89,349,416	99,455,117
20.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
	Trade creditors / Bills payable	94,379,631	65,432,120
	Accrued expenses	34,873,535	53,555,877
	Sales tax payable	4,375,142	4,816,039
	Workers' welfare fund	2,616,070	2,616,070
	Dividend payable	1,015,170	1,015,170
	Unclaimed dividend	3,828,247	3,828,247
	Withholding tax payable	274,935	2,357,224
		141,362,730	133,620,747
21.	SHORT TERM BORROWINGS - FROM BANKS		
	Secured		
	Short term running finance		
	Soneri Bank Limited - note 21.1	137,351,026	153,311,258
	Habib Bank Limited - note 21.2	48,712,164	47,651,949
	Habib Bank Limited FATR - note 21.3	23,840,687	16,300,602
		209,903,877	217,263,809

21.1 This represents Running Finance Facility amounting to Rs. 160 million (2016: Rs. 160 million). The profit rate on this facility is 6 months KIBOR plus 1.5% (2016: 6 months KIBOR plus 1.5%). This is secured by first hypothecation charge over stock of the company for Rs. 160 million and first pari passu equitable charge of Rs. 800 million over fixed assets of the company and personal guarantee of the Directors.



- 21.2 This represents Running Finance Facility amounting to Rs. 50 million (2016: Rs. 50 million). The profit rate on this facility is 3 months KIBOR plus 1% (2016: 3 months KIBOR plus 1%). This is secured by third party mortgage over Company's headoffice situated at Kehkashan Clifton, Karachi valued at Rs. 189.89 million and second ranking charge on hypothecated stock and first charge on book debts of Rs. 150 million and personal guarantee of the Directors.
- 21.3 This represents Finance Against Trust Receipt Facility amounting to Rs. 50 million (2016: Rs. 50 million). The profit rate on this facility is Matching tenor KIBOR + 1% (2016: Matching tenor KIBOR plus 1%). This is secured by third party mortgage over Company's headoffice situated at Kehkashan Clifton, Karachi valued at Rs. 189.89 million and second ranking charge on hypothecated stock and first charge on book debts of Rs. 150 million and personal guarantee of the Directors.

22. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

22.1 Contingencies

The Company filed suit no. 151 of 2017 with High Court of Sindh against the increase of higher gas tariff rate from December 30, 2016 by the Sui Southern Gas Company Limited (SSGC). The Honorable High Court passed an interim injunction and ordered to deposit cheques monthly for the price differential amount with the Nazir of Sindh High Court, which amounted to Rs. 22,987,170 for the period from January 2017 to June 2017.

Irrevocable Letter of Credit in favor of SSGC of Rs. 20 million (2016: Rs. 20 million) from Habib Bank Limited and Rs. 64.95 million (2016: Rs. 64.95 million) from Soneri Bank Limited. Letter of Guarantee of Rs. 9 million (2016: Rs. 9 million) in favor of SSGC from Soneri Bank Limited. Limited.

22.2 Commitments

Commitments under letter of credit for import of raw materials as at June 30, 2017 amounted to Euro 178,140 and US\$ 171,742 (2016: Euro 117,660 and US\$ 204,590).

2017 2016 ----- Rupees -----

23. REVENUE

Gross sales Less: sales tax 1,041,410,733 (180,740,706) 860,670,027 1,447,143,573 (251,100,136) 1,196,043,437



2017 2016 ----- Rupees -----

24. COST OF SALES

Raw materials consumed		
Opening stock	111,952,645	62,554,339
Purchases	241,598,690	353,807,719
Closing stock - note 8	(147,855,718)	(111,952,645)
· ·	205,695,617	304,409,413
Manufacturing expenses	242 404 622	E 4E 200 E 4
Fuel, power and water	313,101,633	547,299,764
Salaries, wages and benefits - note 24.1	148,977,128	152,293,470
Stores and spare parts consumed	22,316,825	30,703,356
Packing material consumed	31,182,249	35,010,189
Repairs and maintenance	25,786,802	43,618,534
Depreciation - note 4.1	90,697,573	78,378,119
Director's remuneration	4,225,000	3,725,000
Insurance	4,130,966	3,626,881
Vehicles running and maintenance	433,239	328,125
Others - note 24.2	11,288,242	10,277,593
	652,139,657	905,261,031
Opening work in process	8,378,098	5,162,290
Closing work in process - note 8	(7,911,071)	(8,378,098)
Cost of goods manufactured	858,302,301	1,206,454,636
Opening stock of finished goods	90,671,638	21,586,907
Closing stock of finished goods - note 8	(110,432,803)	(90,671,638)
	838,541,136	1,137,369,905

- **24.1** This includes Rs. 8,745,567 (2016: Rs. 11,407,889) in respect of staff retirement benefits.
- **24.2** This includes Rs. 7,343,073 (2016: Rs. 7,263,500) in respect of rental charges of generator.

25. SELLING AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES

Salaries, wages and benefits - note 25.1 Freight charges Rent, rates and taxes	6,646,849 11,692,940 714,424	6,461,279 13,939,540 1,179,462
Fuel, power and water Postage, telegraph and telephone charges	286,699 220,923	187,144 158,204
Printing and stationery	34,827	34,275
Vehicles running and maintenance	807,683	566,827
Repairs and maintenance	637,270	1,001,857
Travelling and conveyance	296,768	402,552
Entertainment	129,688	166,293
Advertisement expenses	980,475	758,937
Insurance	268,705	290,455
Commission	142,000	691,988
Depreciation - note 4.1	542,844	469,829
-	23,402,095	26,308,642

25.1 This includes Rs. 192,197 (2016: Rs. 250,705) in respect of staff retirement benefits.



		2017	2016
26.	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	Rupe	es
	Salaries, wages and benefits - note 26.1 Director's remuneration Fees and subscription Rent, rates and taxes Fuel, power and water Postage, telegraph and telephone charges Printing and stationery Vehicles running and maintenance Repairs and maintenance Travelling and conveyance Entertainment Legal and professional charges Insurance Depreciation - note 4.1	11,462,125 4,225,000 2,040,911 1,340,411 1,112,914 709,092 270,325 364,458 187,518 500,101 59,743 183,008 297,360 583,668	9,150,514 3,725,000 1,042,359 1,479,576 1,099,882 611,895 284,648 237,126 401,070 552,832 59,252 341,571 647,860 505,162
		23,336,634	20,138,747
2	26.1 This includes Rs. 672,688 (2016: Rs. 877,468) in respec	et of staff retiremen	nt benefits.
		2017	2016
		Rupe	ees
27.	OTHER OPERATING CHARGES		
I	Auditors' remuneration - note 27.1 Foreign exchange loss Donations	529,600 2,019,033 51,500 2,600,133	529,600 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
,	27.1 Auditors' remuneration		
2	Audit fee Fee for review of half yearly financial information Fee for Code of Corporate Governance review	435,600 50,000 44,000 529,600	435,600 50,000 44,000 529,600
28.	OTHER INCOME		
I	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Exchange gain Imputed Interest	653,326 - - 653,326	9,765,072 28,685 26,550,191 36,343,948
29.	FINANCE COST		
	Mark-up on: Short term borrowings Term Finance Interest on directors' loan - note 29.1 Bank charges Interest on workers' profit participation fund	11,034,069 30,930,603 41,964,672 15,112,288 943,299 - 58,020,259	11,109,899 31,411,606 42,521,505 3,964,953 803,774 114,966 47,405,198



29.1 This includes reversal of imputed interest income on Director's interest free loan to the Company amounting to Rs. 7,737,943 (2016: Nil).

		2017	2016
30.	TAXATION	Rupe	ees
	Deferred	(9,755,116)	22,382,567

30.1 The Company is not required to pay minimum tax amounting to Rs. 8,606,700 (2016: Rs. 11,960,434) due to adjustment of tax credit under section 65(B) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 amounting to Rs. 30,668,885 on installation of new plant on March 01, 2016.

31. EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED

Loss after taxation attributable to ordinary shareholders	(74,821,788)	(22,447,274)
Weighted average number of shares in issue during the year	14,548,676	14,548,676
Earnings per share (Rupees) - Basic and diluted	(5.14)	(1.54)

31.1 There is no dilutive effect on the basic profit per share of the Company.

32. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The following transactions were carried out with related parties during the year:

		2017	2016
Relation with the Company	Nature of Transaction	Ru	pees
Director's spouse	Rent expenses	1,277,760	1,161,600
Directors	Loan received	55,922,000	191,448,603
Directors	Interest on loan	7,374,345	3,964,953
Directors	Notional interest on loan	7,737,943	(26,550,191)
PICIC Insurance Limited	Premium on insurance	363,843	2,177,140
PICIC Insurance Limited	Insurance claim		19,950,000

The related party status of outstanding balances as at June 30, 2017 & 2016 is included in short term prepayments & long term financing respectively.



33. REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND DIRECTOR

The aggregate amounts charged in the financial statements of the year for remuneration including all benefits to chief executive and director of the Company are as follows:

	CHIEF E	XECUTIVE	DIR	ECTOR	To	otal
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Managerial remuneration and allowances	2,516,129	2,193,548	2,516,129	2,193,548	5,032,258	4,387,096
House rent	1,132,258	987,097	1,132,258	987,097	2,264,516	1,974,194
Utilities	251,613	219,355	251,613	219,355	503,226	438,710
Bonus	325,000	325,000	325,000	325,000	650,000	650,000
	4,225,000	3,725,000	4,225,000	3,725,000	8,450,000	7,450,000
Number of persons	1	1	1	1	2	2

The Chief Executive and Director of the Company are also provided with free use of Company maintained cars in accordance with their terms of employment.

2017 2016 Square Meters

34. PLANT CAPACITY AND PRODUCTION

Installed Capacity note - 34.1

Actual Production

6,480,000	4,320,000
2,197,957	2,991,779

509

372

122

494

374

135

509

34.1 The plant came into full capacity during the year 2017.

2017 2016

35. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

Number of employees at June 30:

- Permanent	398
- Contractual	125
	523
Average number of employees during the year:	
- Permanent	385
- Contractual	124



36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

36.1 Financial risk factors

The Company's activities expose it to variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management programme focuses on having cost effective funding as well as managing financial risk to minimize earnings volatility and provide maximum return to shareholders.

36.2 Financial assets and liabilities by category and their respective maturities

		Interest bear	ing	Nor	ı-interest beari	ng	
	Maturity up to one year	Maturity af one year	Iotal	Maturity up to one year	Maturity afte one year	Iotal	Total
Financial assets				Kupees			
Long term deposits	-	-	-	-	897,038	897,038	897,038
Trade debts	-	-	-	140,349,053	-	140,349,053	140,349,053
Loans and advances	-	-	-	931,099	-	931,099	931,099
Bank balances	-	-	-	2,279,909	-	2,279,909	2,279,909
June 30, 2017	-	-	-	143,560,061	897,038	144,457,099	144,457,099
June 30, 2016	-	-		270,472,487	897,038	271,369,525	271,369,525
Financial liabilities							
Long term financing	94,159,896	477,380,464	571,540,360	-	-	-	571,540,360
Short term borrowings	209,903,877	-	209,903,877	-	-	-	209,903,877
Trade and other payable	-	-	-	134,096,583	-	134,096,583	134,096,583
Markup accrued on loans	-	-	-	19,567,870	-	19,567,870	19,567,870
June 30, 2017	304,063,773	477,380,464	781,444,237	153,664,453	-	153,664,453	935,108,69
June 30, 2016	329,865,277	523,551,889	853,417,166	139,217,356	-	139,217,356	992,634,522
On balance sheet gap							
June 30, 2017	(304,063,773)	(477,380,464)	(781,444,237)	(10,104,392)	897,038	(9,207,354)	(790,651,591
June 30, 2016	(329,865,277)	(523,551,889)	(853,417,166)	131,255,131	897,038	132,152,169	(721,264,997

Off balance sheet gap

 June 30, 2017
 38,913,230

 June 30, 2016
 36,096,844

(i) Credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counter parties fail to perform as contracted. Out of the total financial assets of Rs. 144,457,099 (2016: Rs. 271,369,525), trade debts, loans and advances amounting in aggregate to Rs. 141,280,152 (2016: Rs. 262,186,279) are subject to credit risk. The Company manages its credit risk by limiting significant exposure to any individual customers.

Due to the Company's long standing business relationships with counterparties and after giving due consideration to their strong financial standing, management does not expect non-performance by counterparties on their obligations to the Company.



For trade receivables, internal risk assessments process determines the credit quality of the customer, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are fixed based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the management. The utilization of credit limits is regularly monitored. Accordingly the credit risk is minimal and the Company also believes that it is not exposed to major concentration of credit risk.

(ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulties in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash and bank balances and the availability of financing through banking arrangements.

(iii) Market risk

a) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows from a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

b) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows from a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist in foreign currency. The Company primarily has foreign currency exposure in US Dollars (US\$) and Euro (ϵ). As at June 30, 2017, if the Pak Rupee had weakened / strengthened by 5% against US Dollars (US\$) and Euro (ϵ) with all other variables held constant, profit before tax for the year would have been lower / higher by Rs. 1,945,661 (2016: Rs. 1,804,840), mainly as a result of foreign exchange losses / gains on translation of US Dollars (US\$) and Euro (ϵ) denominated financial assets and liabilities.

c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cashflows from a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Company's interest rate risk arises from borrowings which includes short term borrowings (note 21) and long term financing (note 17). Borrowings availed at variable rates expose the Company to cash flow interest rate risk.

At June 30, 2017, the Company had variable interest bearing financial liabilities of Rs. 492,886,837 (2016: Rs. 608,518,754), and had the interest rate varied by 100 basis points with all the other variables held constant, profit before tax for the year would have been lower / higher by approximately Rs. 4,928,868 (2016: Rs. 6,085,188), mainly as a result of higher / lower interest expense on floating rate borrowings.

(iv) Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market condition (i.e. an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique.



At June 30, 2017, the net fair value of all financial assets and financial liabilities are estimated to approximate their carrying values.

37. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefit for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Company manages its capital risk by monitoring its debt levels and liquid assets and keeping in view future investment requirements and expectation of shareholders. Debt and capital comprise of long term financing and shareholder's equity respectively.

38. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever considered necessary, for the purposes of comparison and to reflect the substance of the transactions. Following major reclassification has been made during the year:

Description	Reclassified From	Reclassified To	Amount in Rs.
Imputed interest on directors' interest free loan	Cashflow from financing activities	Cashflow from operating activities	26,550,191
Dividend payable	Accrued expenses	Unclaimed dividend	3,364,887
Accrued expenses	Accrued expenses	Trade creditors / bills payable	43,600

39. DATE OF AUTHORISATION OF ISSUE

These financial statements were authorised for issue on 20 September, 2017 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer

Director



PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

AS AT 30 JUNE 2017

No. of	На	ving Shares	01 77 1	1 5
Shareholders	From	То	Shares Hel	d Percetage
197	1	100	2150	0.0148
84	101	500	37808	0.2599
18	501	1000	14528	0.0999
27	1001	5000	70298	0.4832
9	5001	10000	69195	0.4756
1	10001	15000	10612	0.0729
2	15001	20000	37500	0.2578
2	20001	25000	45500	0.3127
1	25001	30000	27244	0.1873
1	30001	35000	32751	0.2251
1	75001	80000	80000	0.5499
1	105001	110000	105500	0.7252
1	215001	220000	219500	1.5087
1	270001	275000	275000	1.8902
1	310001	315000	312360	2.1470
1	435001	440000	435812	2.9955
1	430001	735000	732920	5.0377
3	735001	740000	2207760	15.1750
3	980001	985000	2942678	20.2264
1	1350001	1355000	1354263	9.3085
1	1630001	1635000	1631623	11.2149
2	1950001	1955000	3903674	26.8318
359		Company Total	14548676	100.0000

TOTAL OUT STANDING SHARES

AS AT 30 JUNE 2017 CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS

	<	Shares Held in	n Physical Form>	< Shares 1	Held in CDC>	< Total	Shareholding>	%
Serial No	Name	No of Shareholders	Shares Held	No of Shareholders	Shares Held	No of Shareholders	Shares Held	Holding
01	PROMOTORS/DIRECTORS/ACQUIRERS	14	10262569	0	0	14	10262569	70.5395
02	PERSONS/BODIES WITH "CONTROLLING INTEREST"	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0000
03	GOVERNMENT HOLDING AS PEROMOTOR/ACQUIRER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0000
04	ASSOCIATED/GROUP COMPANIES (CROSS-HOLDING)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0000
05	SHARES THAT COULD NOT BE SOLD IN							
	THE OPEN MARKET, IN NORMAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0000
06	SHARE HELD WITH GENERAL PUBLE	78	301947	270	3984160	348	4286107	29.4605
	Total	92	10564516	270	3984160	362	14548676	100.0000



CATEGORY OF SHARE HOLDERS

AS AT 30 JUNE 2017

Folio No	Name	Code	Balance Held	Percetage
0000000000002	MR. IRSHAD ALI S. KASSIM	001	1951838	13.4159
000000000003	MR. MUNAWAR ALI S. KASSIM	001	1951836	13.4159
000000000004	MRS .MARIAM SHABAN ALI	001	10612	0.0729
000000000005	MRS. SHAHEEN A. REHMAN	001	10000	0.0687
000000000006	MRS. SAKIN NOORALLAH	001	10000	0.0687
000000000734	MR. SHAHNAWAZ NOOR ALI A.MADHA!	NI 001	435812	2.9955
000000000831	MISS. ALIZA KASSIM	001	981226	6.7444
000000000838	MISS. ALISHBA IRSHAD ALI	001	981226	6.7444
000000000861	MISS. ANUSHKA KASSIM	001	980226	6.7376
000000000862	MANEEZA	001	732920	5.0377
000000000863	MISS MANISHA KASSIM	001	735920	5.0583
000000000864	MISS MYRA KASSIM	001	735920	5.0583
000000000865	MISS NATALIA KASSIM	001	735920	5.0583
000000000871	IRSHAD ALI SHABAN ALI KASSIM	001	9113	0.0626
003889000028	NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN	004	202	0.0014
007393000024	SUMMIT BANK LIMITED	004	312360	2.1470
000000000773	GULF INSURANCE COMPANY LTD.	005	1500	0.0103
003277078335	TRUSTEE NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN	J		
	EMPLOYEES PENSION FUND	010	32751	0.2251
003277082127	TRUSTEE NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN	J		
	EMP BENEVOLENT FUND TRUST	010	1149	0.0079
006445000028	DARSON SECURITES (PVT) LIMITED	010	1	0.0000
007385000017	ISMAIL ABDUL SHAKOOR SECURITIES			
	(PRIVATE) LIMITED	010	6752	0.0464
	·			

CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 30 JUNE 2017

Particulars	No. of Folio	Balance Share	Percetage
DIRECATORS,CEO & CHILDREN	14	10262569	70.5395
BANKS,DFI & NBFI	2	312562	2.1484
INSURANCE COMPANIES	1	1500	0.0103
GENERAL PUBLIC (LOCAL)	335	3822648	26.2749
GENERAL PUBLIC (FOREIGN)	3	108744	0.7474
OTHERS	4	40653	0.2794
Company Total	359	14548676	100.0000





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FORM OF PROXY

I / We	
of	
being a member of KARAM CERAMICS LIMITE	ED and holder of
ordinary shares as per Registered Folio No	
hereby appoint Mr	
of	of failing him
Mr	
of	
a member of KARAM CERAMICS LIMITED vid	e Registered Folio No.as my proxy to vote for
and on my behalf at the 38th Annual Generation	ral Meeting of the Company to be held on
Thursday, October 26, 2017 at 5.:00 pm Con	npany'sRegistered Office situated at BC-6,
Block-5, Scheme-5, Kehkashan, Clifton, Karachi.	
WITNESS:	
(1) Signature	
Name	
Address	
NIC or Passport No	G: .
	Signature on Rupees Five
2) 6:	Revenue Stamp
2) Signature	(Signature should agree with the specimen
Name	Signature registered with the company)
Address	
NIC or Passport No	
Dated	
Important:	
This form of proxy, duly completed must be de	eposited at the Company's Registered Office
BC-6, Scheme-5, Kehkashan, Clifton, Karachi a CDC Shareholder and their Proxied must att	
Computerized National Identity Card or Passpo	ort with this proxy form.



پراکسی فارم

	رک یا محکیل رک رک و ساز کافش کراچی میں بلاک 5، اسکیم نمبر 5، کہکشاں کلفشن کراچی میں	ہیں جس کا انعقاد بروز جمعرات 26 اکتوبر 1 <u>7</u> ہوگا۔	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
گواه:			
_1	نام: وشخط:		(پانچ روپے والے ریو نیواسٹیمپ
	پية:		پرد شخط) (د شخط جو که کمپنی میں رجسٹر ڈ کردہ
	شاختی کارڈ/ پاسپورٹ نمیر:		دستخط کے نمونہ سے مطابقت رکھتا ہو)
_1	نام:		
	وستخط:		
	: à,		
	شناختی کارڈ/ پاسپورٹ نمیر:		
	مورخه:		